

## KEY WORDS FOR DIVING AND HYPERBARIC MEDICINE

- Abalone  
 Abstracts  
 Accidents  
 Adolescents  
 Aerobic capacity  
 Age  
 Air  
 Air embolism  
 Allergy  
 Altitude  
 Anaesthesia  
 Antarctica  
 Arterial gas embolism  
 Ascent  
 Asthma  
 Autobiography  
 Autopsy  
 Aviation  
 Barotrauma  
 Bell diving  
 Beta blockade  
 Biology  
 Blood pressure  
 Blood substitutes  
 Blood sugar level  
 Book reviews  
 Brain injury  
 Breath-hold diving  
 Bronchial provocation testing  
 Bubbles  
 Buccal pumping  
 Buddies  
 Buoyancy  
 Calciphylaxis  
 Capnography  
 Carbon dioxide  
 Carbon monoxide  
 Cardiovascular  
 Case reports  
 Cave diving  
 Cerebral arterial gas embolism (CAGE)  
 Cerebral blood flow  
 Chest injury  
 Children  
 Chronic wounds  
 Clinical audit  
 Clinical toxicology  
 Closing volume  
 Coagulation  
 Cochrane Library  
 Cold  
 Communication  
 Compressors  
 Computers  
 Computers – diving  
 Constitutional amendments  
 Copyright  
 Coroner's findings  
 Corrections  
 Critical appraisal  
 DAN – Divers Alert Network  
 Data  
 Deaths  
 Decompression  
 Decompression illness  
 Decompression sickness  
 Deep diving  
 DES – Diver Emergency Service  
 Diabetes  
 DIMS  
 Disabilities  
 Disability  
 Disabled diver  
 Diver numbers  
 Diving  
 Diving accidents  
 Diving at work  
 Diving deaths  
 Diving industry  
 Diving organisations  
 Diving reflex  
 Diving research  
 Diving safety memos  
 Diving scholars  
 Diving tables  
 Diving theory (see Physiology)  
 Doppler  
 Drowning  
 Drugs  
 Drysuit  
 Dysbaric osteonecrosis  
 Ear barotrauma  
 Ear infection  
 Echocardiography  
 Ecology  
 Economics  
 Editorials  
 Emergency ascent  
 Endothelium  
 Enriched air – nitrox  
 ENT  
 Envenomation  
 Environment  
 Environmental symptoms questionnaire  
 Eosinophilia  
 Epidemiology  
 Epilepsy  
 Equipment  
 Ethics  
 Evidence  
 Exercise  
 Exogenous poison  
 Expert witness  
 Extraglottic airway devices  
 Eyes  
 Fire or explosion  
 First aid  
 Fitness to dive  
 Flowchart  
 Flying (and diving)  
 Freediving  
 Gas gangrene  
 Gas-induced osmosis  
 Gas solubility  
 General interest  
 Genitourinary tract  
 Gleanings (from medical journals)  
 Haematology  
 Health  
 Health status  
 Health surveillance  
 Health surveys  
 Hearing  
 Helium pharmacokinetics  
 Hip arthroplasty  
 History  
 Human skin equivalent  
 Hyperbaric facilities  
 Hyperbaric oxygen  
 Hyperbaric oxygen therapy  
 Hyperbaric oxygenation  
 Hyperbaric research  
 Hypercapnia  
 Hyperthermia (see Thermal problems)  
 Hyperventilation  
 Hypothermia (see Thermal problems)  
 Hypoxia  
 Ice  
 Immersion  
 Immunosuppression  
 Incidents  
 Infectious diseases  
 Inflammation  
 Injuries  
 Inner ear  
 Inner ear barotrauma  
 Inner ear decompression illness  
 Inner ear decompression sickness  
 Instruction – diving  
 Insurance (see Legal and insurance)  
 Investigations  
 Irradiation  
 Jellyfish  
 Labyrinth  
 Land animals  
 Legal and insurance  
 Letters (to the Editor)  
 Lidocaine  
 Lignocaine  
 Logistics  
 Low air  
 Lung compliance  
 Lung function  
 Malaria  
 Malignancy  
 Marine animals  
 Medical conditions and problems  
 Medical database  
 Medical kits  
 Medicals – diving  
 Medical society  
 Medications  
 Meetings

- Membership lists  
 Menstrual cycle  
 Microparticles  
 Military diving  
 Mixed gas  
 Models  
 MOPS (maintenance of professional standards)  
 Morbidity  
 Motion sickness  
 Multi-level diving  
 Multiple sclerosis  
 Musculo-skeletal  
 Nasal decongestants  
 Near drowning  
 Necrotising infections  
 Neuroprotection  
 Nitric oxide  
 Nitrogen  
 Nitrogen narcosis  
 Nitrogen pharmacokinetics  
 Nitrox (see Enriched air – nitrox)  
 Non-steroidal anti-inflammatories  
 Notice  
 Numbers  
 Nursing  
 Obesity  
 Obituary  
 Occupational diving  
 Occupational health  
 Operations – diving  
 Optometry  
 Osteoarthritis  
 Osteoradionecrosis  
 Outcome  
 Oxygen  
 Oxygen consumption  
 PADI  
 Pain  
 Panic  
 Patent foramen ovale (PFO)  
 Patient monitoring  
 Pearl divers  
 Performance  
 Perfluorocarbons  
 Personality  
 Pharmacology – marine  
 Physiology  
 Platelets  
 Policy  
 Postural control  
 Pregnancy  
 Profile  
 Prolonged QT syndrome  
 Prosopagnosia or visual agnosia  
 Psychology  
 Pulmonary barotrauma  
 Pulmonary function  
 Pulmonary oedema  
 Pulmonary oxygen toxicity  
 Qualifications  
 Questionnaire  
 Radiological imaging  
 Rebreathers/closed circuit  
 Rebreathers/semi-closed circuit  
 Rebreathing  
 Recall  
 Recompression  
 Records  
 Recreational divers  
 Recreational diving  
 Regression analysis  
 Repetitive diving  
 Reprinted from  
 Rescue  
 Research  
 Resort diving (see Tourism)  
 Respiratory  
 Resuscitation  
 Reverse dive profiles  
 Review article  
 Right-to-left shunt  
 Risk  
 Risk assessment  
 Risk factors  
 Risk management  
 Safety  
 Salt water aspiration  
 Salvage  
 Saturation diving  
 Scientific diving  
 Scuba  
 Scuba accidents  
 Scuba diving  
 Scubadoo  
 Severity  
 Shivering  
 Simulation  
 Smoking  
 Snorkelling  
 Soft tissue radionecrosis  
 Solo diving  
 Spearfishing  
 Standards  
 Stress (see Trauma and stress)  
 Submarine  
 Surface decompression  
 Surface supply breathing apparatus (SSBA)  
 Surfactant  
 Surveillance  
 Survey  
 Technical diving  
 Teeth  
 Textbook  
 Theory-based advice  
 Thermal problems (hypothermia and hyperthermia)  
 Tourism  
 Toxicity  
 Toxins  
 Training  
 Transcutaneous oximetry  
 Transport  
 Transpulmonary pressure  
 Trauma and stress  
 Travel medicine  
 Traveller's diarrhoea  
 Treatment  
 Treatment sequelae  
 Trimix  
 Tunnelling  
 Unconscious  
 Underwater diving  
 Underwater hazards  
 Underwater medicine  
 Unit pulmonary toxic dose  
 Vaccination  
 Vasoconstriction  
 Ventilators  
 Vertigo  
 Video and DVD reviews  
 Vision  
 Vital capacity  
 Women  
 Working in compressed air  
 World Wide Web  
 Wounds  
 Wreck diving  
 Writing – medical